🚔 U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

Occupational Employment Statistics

Occupational Employment and Wages, May 2018

49-3031 Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists

Diagnose, adjust, repair, or overhaul buses and trucks, or maintain and repair any type of diesel engines. Includes mechanics working primarily with automobile or marine diesel engines.

<u>National estimates for this occupation</u> <u>Industry profile for this occupation</u> <u>Geographic profile for this occupation</u>

National estimates for this occupation: Top

Employment estimate and mean wage estimates for this occupation:

Employment (1)	Employment RSE (3)	Mean hourly wage	Mean annual wage <u>(2)</u>	Wage RSE (3)
264,860	1.1 %	\$23.63	\$49,150	0.3 %

Percentile wage estimates for this occupation:

Percentile	10%	25%	50% (Median)	75%	90%
Hourly Wage	\$15.00	\$18.13	\$22.76	\$28.47	\$34.70
Annual Wage <u>(2)</u>	\$31,200	\$37,710	\$47,350	\$59,210	\$72,180

Industry profile for this occupation: Top

Industries with the highest published employment and wages for this occupation are provided. For a list of all industries with employment in this occupation, see the <u>Create Customized Tables</u> function.

Industries with the highest levels of employment in this occupation:

Industry	Employment (1)	Percent of industry employment	Hourly mean wage	Annual mean wage <u>(2)</u>
Truck Transportation	53,200	3.60	\$21.56	\$44,840
Automotive Repair and Maintenance	25,000	2.69	\$22.35	\$46,500
Local Government, excluding schools and hospitals (OES Designation)	24,560	0.45	\$27.51	\$57,230
Motor Vehicle and Motor Vehicle Parts and Supplies Merchant Wholesalers	22,370	6.48	\$23.92	\$49,750
Automotive Equipment Rental and Leasing	12,660	5.91	\$23.26	\$48,370

Industries with the highest concentration of employment in this occupation:

Industry	Employment (1)	Percent of industry employment	Hourly mean wage	Annual mean wage <u>(2)</u>
Motor Vehicle and Motor Vehicle Parts and Supplies Merchant Wholesalers	22,370	6.48	\$23.92	\$49,750

Interurban and Rural Bus Transportation	1,110	6.22	\$25.66	\$53,370
Urban Transit Systems	2,960	6.11	\$24.76	\$51,490
Automotive Equipment Rental and Leasing	12,660	5.91	\$23.26	\$48,370
Charter Bus Industry	1,630	5.52	\$22.20	\$46,170

Top paying industries for this occupation:

Industry	Employment (1)	Percent of industry employment	Hourly mean wage	Annual mean wage <u>(2)</u>
Natural Gas Distribution	440	0.40	\$42.98	\$89,400
Federal Executive Branch (OES Designation)	60	<u>(7)</u>	\$39.75	\$82,680
Electric Power Generation, Transmission and Distribution	1,720	0.44	\$33.11	\$68,860
<u>Coal Mining</u>	360	0.71	\$31.77	\$66,090
Couriers and Express Delivery Services	4,360	0.70	\$30.96	\$64,390

Geographic profile for this occupation: Top

States and areas with the highest published employment, location quotients, and wages for this occupation are provided. For a list of all areas with employment in this occupation, see the <u>Create Customized Tables</u> function.

Employment of diesel service technicians and mechanics is projected to grow 9 percent from 2016 to 2026, about as fast as the average for all occupations. As more freight is shipped across the country, additional diesel-powered trucks will be needed to carry freight wherever trains and pipelines are not available or economical. In addition, diesel cars and light trucks are becoming more popular, and more diesel technicians will be needed to maintain and repair these vehicles.

States with the highest employment level in this occupation:

State	Employment (1)	Employment per thousand jobs	Location quotient (9)	Hourly mean wage	Annual mean wage <u>(2)</u>
Texas	27,960	2.31	1.26	\$23.29	\$48,450
California	21,320	1.25	0.68	\$27.32	\$56,830
<u>Pennsylvania</u>	13,260	2.27	1.24	\$22.58	\$46,960
<u>Florida</u>	12,880	1.50	0.82	\$22.41	\$46,610
<u>New York</u>	12,840	1.37	0.75	\$26.60	\$55,340

States with the highest concentration of	of jobs and location	quotients in this occupation:

State	Employment (1)	Employment per thousand jobs	Location quotient (9)	Hourly mean wage	Annual mean wage <u>(2)</u>
<u>Wyoming</u>	930	3.45	1.88	\$25.66	\$53,380
<u>North Dakota</u>	1,360	3.27	1.78	\$26.00	\$54,080
<u>West Virginia</u>	2,090	3.00	1.64	\$18.96	\$39,440
Arkansas	3,380	2.79	1.53	\$19.44	\$40,440
Indiana	8,230	2.70	1.48	\$21.47	\$44,660

	Top paying States for this occupation:	
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State	Employment (1)	Employment per thousand jobs	Location quotient (9)	Hourly mean wage	Annual mean wage <u>(2)</u>
Alaska	680	2.14	1.17	\$31.87	\$66,280
District of Columbia	60	0.09	0.05	\$29.20	\$60,730
<u>Massachusetts</u>	4,650	1.30	0.71	\$28.51	\$59,310
Connecticut	2,150	1.30	0.71	\$27.91	\$58,060
Hawaii	800	1.25	0.68	\$27.64	\$57,490

Metropolitan areas with the highest employment level in this occupation:

Metropolitan area	Employment (1)	Employment per thousand jobs	Location quotient <u>(9)</u>	Hourly mean wage	Annual mean wage <u>(2)</u>
<u>New York-Newark-Jersey City, NY-</u> <u>NJ-PA</u>	13,860	1.46	0.80	\$28.29	\$58,830
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, IL-IN- <u>WI</u>	7,230	1.56	0.85	\$27.20	\$56,580
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	7,200	2.02	1.10	\$25.56	\$53,150
<u>Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar</u> <u>Land, TX</u>	7,100	2.38	1.30	\$23.75	\$49,400
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, <u>CA</u>	5,800	0.95	0.52	\$28.54	\$59,360
<u>Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell,</u> <u>GA</u>	4,500	1.68	0.92	\$22.93	\$47,700
<u>Minneapolis-St. Paul-</u> <u>Bloomington, MN-WI</u>	4,310	2.20	1.20	\$26.09	\$54,270
<u>Detroit-Warren-Dearborn, MI</u>	4,260	2.16	1.18	\$22.95	\$47,730
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, <u>CA</u>	3,740	2.50	1.37	\$24.88	\$51,750

Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD	3,730	1.31	0.72	\$25.61	\$53,260	
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Metropolitan areas with the highest concentration of jobs and location quotients in this occupation:

Metropolitan area	Employment (1)	Employment per thousand jobs	Location quotient (9)	Hourly mean wage	Annual mean wage <u>(2)</u>
<u>Odessa, TX</u>	630	8.24	4.50	\$26.49	\$55,100
<u>Midland, TX</u>	670	6.61	3.61	\$24.37	\$50,690
Enid, OK	130	5.40	2.95	\$20.26	\$42,150
<u>Kankakee, IL</u>	230	5.34	2.92	\$22.96	\$47,750
<u>Mankato-North Mankato, MN</u>	270	5.06	2.77	\$23.40	\$48,670
Joplin, MO	380	4.82	2.63	\$20.77	\$43,200
<u>Amarillo, TX</u>	540	4.73	2.58	\$20.34	\$42,310
Farmington, NM	220	4.65	2.54	\$21.54	\$44,800
Laredo, TX	460	4.64	2.54	\$21.60	\$44,920
<u>Greeley, CO</u>	470	4.55	2.49	\$28.53	\$59,330

Top paying metropolitan areas for this occupation	Тор	paying	metropolitan	areas for	this	occupation:
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Metropolitan area	Employment (1)	Employment per thousand jobs	Location quotient (9)	Hourly mean wage	Annual mean wage <u>(2)</u>
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara. <u>CA</u>	810	0.72	0.40	\$33.58	\$69,840
<u>Vallejo-Fairfield, CA</u>	180	1.32	0.72	\$33.57	\$69,820
<u>Napa, CA</u>	40	0.56	0.30	\$32.70	\$68,010
Anchorage, AK	360	2.07	1.13	\$31.78	\$66,100
<u>New Bedford, MA</u>	190	2.87	1.57	\$31.04	\$64,560
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, CT	280	0.68	0.37	\$30.86	\$64,190
San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward, <u>CA</u>	3,020	1.25	0.68	\$30.84	\$64,150
Bremerton-Silverdale, WA	60	0.73	0.40	\$30.05	\$62,510
<u>Fairbanks, AK</u>	90	2.65	1.45	\$29.87	\$62,140
<u>Janesville-Beloit, WI</u>	180	2.77	1.51	\$29.73	\$61,850

Nonmetropolitan areas with the highest employment in this occupation:

Nonmetropolitan area	Employment (1)	Employment per thousand jobs	Location quotient (9)	Hourly mean wage	Annual mean wage <u>(2)</u>
<u>West Texas Region of Texas</u> <u>nonmetropolitan area</u>	1,200	6.15	3.36	\$21.61	\$44,940
Kansas nonmetropolitan area	1,140	2.91	1.59	\$20.97	\$43,630
<u>Balance of Lower Peninsula of</u> <u>Michigan nonmetropolitan area</u>	930	3.41	1.86	\$20.04	\$41,670
Southeast Iowa nonmetropolitan area	830	3.66	2.00	\$20.27	\$42,160
<u>Piedmont North Carolina</u> <u>nonmetropolitan area</u>	800	3.09	1.69	\$19.85	\$41,280

Nonmetropolitan areas with the highest concentration of jobs and location quotients in this occupation:

Nonmetropolitan area	Employment (1)	Employment per thousand jobs	Location quotient (9)	Hourly mean wage	Annual mean wage <u>(2)</u>
<u>West Texas Region of Texas</u> <u>nonmetropolitan area</u>	1,200	6.15	3.36	\$21.61	\$44,940
<u>Eastern Wyoming</u> nonmetropolitan area	410	4.97	2.72	\$28.80	\$59,910
<u>Nevada nonmetropolitan area</u>	460	4.80	2.62	\$27.22	\$56,610
<u>West North Dakota</u> nonmetropolitan area	570	4.71	2.57	\$27.74	\$57,700
<u>Southwest Alabama</u> nonmetropolitan area	320	4.70	2.57	\$17.18	\$35,730

Top paying nonmetropolitan areas for this occupation:

Nonmetropolitan area	Employment (1)	Employment per thousand jobs	Location quotient (9)	Hourly mean wage	Annual mean wage <u>(2)</u>
<u>Alaska nonmetropolitan area</u>	220	2.09	1.14	\$32.86	\$68,350
Eastern Wyoming nonmetropolitan area	410	4.97	2.72	\$28.80	\$59,910
<u>West North Dakota</u> <u>nonmetropolitan area</u>	570	4.71	2.57	\$27.74	\$57,700
<u>Nevada nonmetropolitan area</u>	460	4.80	2.62	\$27.22	\$56,610
East-Central Montana nonmetropolitan area	300	4.63	2.53	\$27.04	\$56,240

About May 2018 National, State, Metropolitan, and Nonmetropolitan Area Occupational Employment and Wage Estimates

These estimates are calculated with data collected from employers in all industry sectors, all metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas, and all states and the District of Columbia. The top employment and wage figures are provided above. The complete list is available in the <u>downloadable XLS files</u>.

The percentile wage estimate is the value of a wage below which a certain percent of workers fall. The median wage is the 50th percentile wage estimate--50 percent of workers earn less than the median and 50 percent of workers earn more than the median. <u>More about percentile wages.</u>

(1) Estimates for detailed occupations do not sum to the totals because the totals include occupations not shown separately. Estimates do not include self-employed workers.

(2) Annual wages have been calculated by multiplying the hourly mean wage by a "year-round, full-time" hours figure of 2,080 hours; for those occupations where there is not an hourly wage published, the annual wage has been directly calculated from the reported survey data.

(3) The relative standard error (RSE) is a measure of the reliability of a survey statistic. The smaller the relative standard error, the more precise the estimate.

(7) The value is less than .005 percent of industry employment.

(9) The location quotient is the ratio of the area concentration of occupational employment to the national average concentration. A location quotient greater than one indicates the occupation has a higher share of employment than average, and a location quotient less than one indicates the occupation is less prevalent in the area than average.

Other OES estimates and related information:

May 2018 National Occupational Employment and Wage Estimates

May 2018 State Occupational Employment and Wage Estimates

May 2018 Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Area Occupational Employment and Wage Estimates

May 2018 National Industry-Specific Occupational Employment and Wage Estimates

May 2018 Occupation Profiles

Technical Notes

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